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Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to:

- Enable *Council* to directly charge the *owners* of separate lots in new buildings for their actual water consumption within strata titled properties;
- Provide a framework for Council employees and customers in relation to submetering of individual units/lots for new developments and existing developments if the management of the complex decides to install submeters; and
- Raise customer awareness of water consumption and the contribution of individual customers to the overall water consumption.

Scope

This policy is applicable to all properties, including non-residential premises, within the Whitsunday Regional Council (*Council*) area to which the QPW Code applies.

Policy Statement

- 4.1 The QPW code is the primary tool for introduction of submeters. Part 4 of the QPW code specifically deals with water meters for new premises for specific classification of buildings throughout the Whitsunday Regional Council Region.
- 4.2 The QPW code requires any premises drawing a water supply from a register service provider supply to install submeters for meterable premises.

Application & Approval process (Buildings constructed after the introduction of the QPWC)

- 4.3 The submeter installation for new buildings is covered by the Compliance Assessment approval process to manage the installation.
- 4.4 The Applicant must submit drawings and hydraulic plans which include *submeter* details to *Council* for approval.
- 4.5 The plans must show the approximate location of each *submeter* enclosure in the complex and the location of any *Automatic Meter Reading* ("*AMR*") panel or enclosure if provided.
- 4.6 Arrangement drawings must also be provided showing typical layouts for the *submeter* enclosures and *AMR* enclosure if provided.
- 4.7 The owner must supply the *submeters* and the *meters* must comply with *Council* standards. (refer to *submeter* guidelines)





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4.8 Installation work must not proceed until *Council* approval has been received.

Application & Approval process (Buildings constructed prior to the introduction of the QPWC)

- 4.9 *Council* utilises a standard application and approval process to manage the installation of submeters. An approved application form is available on *Councils* website.
- 4.10 The applicant must complete the approved application form fully.
- 4.11 The applicant must submit with the approved application form along with an application fee as specified in *Councils* schedule of fees, a site plan and *submeter* location details of the property in question. *Submeter* locations indicated on the plan must comply with the requirements of this policy and the QPWC. Plans to include details of any *submeter* enclosures, *submeter* assemblies and *AMR* systems proposed.
- 4.12 It is the responsibility of the owner / developer to supply the submeters. All submeters and the method of installation must comply with Councils standards.
- 4.13 Council will issue a submeter installation approval.
- 4.14 No work for the installation of the submeters is to be carried out until an approval from Council has been obtained.
- 4.15 If submeters are not existing and have to be installed as part of this application process, the installation of the submeters can be done under the Notifiable Works legislation (Form 4 process) A copy of the lodgement receipt for the Form 4 is to be supplied to Council prior to or at the connectivity audit.

Meters

4.16 Only meters approved by *Council* can be used. All *sub-meters* of the same size must be of the same make and model.

Installation of meters

- 4.17 The *master meter* will be supplied and installed by *Council* at the expense of the owner / developer.
- 4.18 The Responsible Person shall be responsible for the installation of *submeters* and the supply of all equipment and materials. Equipment, materials and installation must be to the *Council* Standard Specifications. (Refer to submeter guidelines)
- 4.19 All work must be carried out in compliance with all relevant Acts, Regulations and By-Laws and *Council's* Standard Specifications including, but not limited to the:
 - (a) Queensland Plumbing and Wastewater Code (Part 40
 - (b) This Policy
 - (c) AS3500
 - (d) Work Health and Safety Act 2011; and





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- (e) AS3000 SAA Wiring Rules.
- 4.20 All the sub-meters must be fitted with an anti-tampering device (e.g. seal).

Ownership & Maintenance

- 4.21 Council will be responsible for the maintenance, repair and replacement of any component of the master meter and for the reading and testing of the master meter. Once the installation has been certified Council will assume ownership of the submeter assemblies and the AMR system if provided, but the Developer will be responsible for any defects in the materials or equipment for a period of twelve months after the date of certification.
- 4.22 *Council* will be responsible for the maintenance, repair and replacement due to normal wear and tear of any component of the *submeter* assemblies and also for the reading and testing of the *submeters*.
- 4.23 The plumbing between the *submeter* assembly and the master meter will be the responsibility of the *owner or body corporate*.
- 4.24 Council may at any reasonable time conduct either in-situ testing or take a proportion of sub-meters for laboratory testing at Council's expense. The objective of this testing is to ensure that these meters are working within the Maximum Permissible Error over different flow rates. Council will advise the body corporate in advance of any expected interruptions in supply due to maintenance work and it will be the body corporate responsibility to advise the occupants.
- 4.25 Based on the testing results, *Council* may conduct further testing on other samples of meters, test all the sub-meters, replace some or all the *submeters*, or leave the existing *submeters* if found operating within the Maximum Permissible Error over different flow rates.
- 4.26 Council may also elect to replace submeters at any reasonable time at no charge. The management of the complex will be advised prior to the replacement. Current management contact details must be held by the billing system officer at all times for the purpose of ready access for Council operations and maintenance staff.
- 4.27 Any damage to the *submeter assembly* and or the *AMR* system, by others, other than that of normal wear and tear, shall be a direct charge against the body corporate or the occupier/owner.

Billing

- 4.28 Council will bill lot owners for the water supplied through each submeter and will bill the Body Corporate for any water remaining on the master meter after the submeter usage has been deducted. This shall be the case where a meter is installed to service all of the common area, and where a master meter is installed.
- 4.29 When a sub-meter stops operating, or a reading cannot be obtained, then *Council* will bill the individual property occupants based on the average water consumption during a similar corresponding period until the situation is rectified. It is the responsibility of *Council* to replace the stopped *submeter* and to maintain the *AMR* system (if provided) within the complex following the 12-month maintenance period





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4.30 *Council* may charge a service fee for inspecting and checking the performance of *submeters* if requested to do so by individual owners or managers of complexes and where it is found that the *submeter* is reading within the specified accuracy range.

Connectivity audit (New Building)

- 4.31 Prior to the issue of a Final Certificate (Plumbing Final Certificate) the responsible person shall submit to *Council* a notification form (Notice to the Water Service Provider Installation of *Submeters*) that is available on *Council's* website.
- 4.32 At Plumbing Final Inspection Stage Councils Inspector will conduct the connectivity audit and make sure that the submeter and AMR installation has been carried out in accordance with Councils submeter policy, AS/NZS 3500.1 and the approved hydraulic design and drawings. During the connectivity audit Council's inspector shall verify that:
 - (a) the submeters are accessible for reading and maintenance;
 - (b) the serial number on each *submeter* matches the serial number shown on the As- constructed drawing; and
 - (c) each *submeter* is correctly installed and only measuring flow to the particular unit/lot/storey being tested. Verification shall be done by physical testing.
 - (d) A completed "Notice to Water Service Provider" form has been completed and submitted by the applicant.
 - 4.33 If the *connectivity audit* shows that the *submeter* has not been correctly installed then the responsible person shall investigate and remove any cross connections and mismatches, prepare new as-built drawings and apply for another *connectivity audit*. The costs of *Councils* involvement in each *connectivity audit* will be recovered from the Developer as an hourly rate as per *Councils* current schedule of fees.
 - 4.34 Clause 4.35 removed as the meter readings are supplied by the Responsible Person as per 4.32 As constructed drawings
 - 4.35 As-constructed drawings shall show:
 - (a) *submeter* serial number and the description of the unit (e.g. unit number) supplied through this sub-meter;
 - (b) the serial number of any equipment attached to the meter;
 - (c) meter size, make, model and number of dials; and
 - (d) the location, (e.g. "one meter at the right-hand side of the drive way or the elevator door").





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4.36 Clause 4.37 removed as the details requested will be provided by the Responsible Person in 4.32.

Connectivity audit (Buildings constructed prior to the introduction of the QPWC)

- 4.37 The responsible person shall submit to *Council* a notification form (Notice to the Water Service Provider Installation of *Submeters*) that is available on *Council's* website. A *connectivity audit* inspection is requested, and a mutually agreeable time is confirmed to carry out the *connectivity audit*.
- 4.38 The connectivity audit can only be carried out following the approval to install *submeters* has been issued in writing and all submeter are installed as per *Councils* approval and *Councils Standard Specification*. (See submeter installation guidelines)
- 4.39 Council or their representative will conduct the connectivity audit and make sure that the submeter and AMR installation has been carried out in accordance with Councils submeter policy, AS/NZS 3500.1 and Councils approval. During the connectivity audit Council's inspector shall verify that: (e) the submeters are accessible for reading and maintenance;
 - (f) the serial number on each *submeter* matches the serial number shown on the As- constructed drawing; and
 - (g) each *submeter* is correctly installed and only measuring flow to the particular unit/lot/storey being tested. Verification shall be done by physical testing.
 - 4.40 The costs of *Councils* involvement in the *connectivity audit* will be recovered from the Owner / Body Corporate as an hourly rate as per *Councils* current schedule of fees.
 - 4.41 If the *connectivity audit* shows that the *submeters* have not been correctly installed then the responsible person shall investigate and remove any cross connections and mismatches, prepare new as-built drawings and apply for another audit. The costs of *Councils* involvement in each *connectivity audit* will be recovered from the Developer as an hourly rate as per *Councils* current schedule of fees.

Acceptance of assets

4.42 If the connectivity audit is successful and all documentation has been provided and is in order, the Council inspector shall sign off the As-constructed drawings, certifying that the work has been successfully completed. A copy of the As-constructed drawings, and the meter reading for each submeter shall be sent to designated billing system officer to link each sub-meter with its respective unit/lot in Council's billing system.

Plumbing Final Certificate

4.43 Plumbing approval for the sub-meters (i.e. Plumbing Final Certificate) shall not be issued until the connectivity audit for the development has been completed and relevant information detailing meter serial no.'s and locations has been submitted to the full satisfaction of the *Water Service Provider*.





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Existing Developments

- 4.44 It is optional whether an existing development elects to install sub-meters. Should they elect to do so they shall be responsible for all associated costs and must follow the same requirements as for new premises
- 4.45 After approval, *Council* may at its discretion accept ownership of the sub meters and apply the same procedures as for new developments.

Technical Guidelines

Council has developed technical guidelines in relation to submetering to help ensure that decisions are consistent and in line with the intent of this Policy. The technical guidelines may be amended from time to time. They are intended as a guide only and will not take precedence over any decision made by *Council* in relation to a particular development.

Applicable Legislation

This policy is in reference to the Queensland Plumbing & Wastewater Code ("QPW Code") which was introduced on 1 January 2008.

Definitions

CEO refers to the Chief Executive Officer of the Whitsunday Regional Council appointed in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2009*.

Council refers to the Whitsunday Regional Council

Employee refers to any employee, contractor, volunteer etc. of the Council

AMR system means automatic meter reading system.

Accessible for water meter reading, maintenance and replacement purposes, means accessible within reasonable time (between 8 am-5 pm), at ground level, outside the building where access to the sub-meters is unrestricted at all times, including free from building security, being obscured by vehicle movements, free from overgrown vegetation and all other forms of obstructions and hazards, with the sub-meters being located in a non-locked enclosure requiring a non-key access (PIN code).

Body corporate shall mean a corporation or body of persons or even an individual, with a legal existence distinct from the individual person(s) making up the corporate entity. The purpose of the body corporate is to manage common property.

Common area in a complex is an area of common property.

Common property in a complex is freehold land forming part of the complex land, but not forming part of a lot/unit included in the complex.





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Common property water consumption shall mean water used in common properties within a complex for irrigation, cleaning, recreation fixtures, etc. The common property water consumption for each meter read cycle will be decided by deducting the sum of consumption registered by sub-meters from the consumption registered by the master meter.

Complex includes Community Titles Schemes (CTSs) and multi sole occupancy unit of class 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 building and each storey of a class 5.

Connectivity audit shall mean a verification process in which each sub-meter is matched with its respective unit. The aim of this audit is to ensure that each unit in a given complex is supplied through one sub-meter only and to make sure that the respective sub-meter is marked clearly with the number/description of that unit.

Contribution schedule shall mean an agreement between the occupants of a complex and the management of that complex. This schedule states the method of distributing water bill for common property water consumption among occupants/owners.

Council shall mean Whitsunday Regional Council.

Developer shall mean a corporation or body of persons or even an individual, who builds a development in which the houses/units form part of a complex and can be sold to individual owners.

Existing developments shall mean any development whereby the development has a Plumbing Compliance Certificate dated prior to 1 January 2008.

Management shall mean management of complex which can be a body corporate of a community title scheme or a representative body of a multi sole occupancy unit

Master meter shall mean a meter installed by Council at the developer's expense upstream of sub-meters and used to register the bulk consumption of the complex.

Maximum Permissible Error shall mean the Maximum Permissible Error which a meter is allowed to operate within.

Meterable Premises - means:

- a. all class 1 buildings; and
- b. each lot within a community title scheme, including the common property, in a water service provider's area; and
- c. the sole-occupancy unit of a class 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 building in a water service provider's area; and
- d. each storey of a class 5 building in a water service provider's area where the building consists of more than one storey and sole-occupancy units are not identified at the time of the building's plumbing compliance assessment.





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New development/s any complex submitting a request for a Plumbing Compliance Permit after 1 January 2008.

Occupant/s shall mean an occupant of a house, unit, flat or an apartment within a complex **Owner/s** shall mean an owner of a house, unit, flat or an apartment within a complex.

QPW Code shall mean the Queensland Plumbing & Wastewater Code as adopted from time to time.

Responsible person shall mean a QBCC licensed plumber.

Sole occupancy unit shall mean a room or other part of the building for occupation by one or a joint owner, lessee, tenant, or other occupier to the exclusion of any other owner, lessee, tenant, or other occupier. This could be a dwelling, a room or a suite of associated rooms in a building classified under the Building Code of Australia as a class 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 building. A sole occupancy unit also includes any part of the building that is a common area or common property.

Submeter/s is a term used to describe individual water meters within multi-unit complexes. The term also differentiates from 'master meter' that measures the supply of water to a complex as a whole.

Submeter assembly/ies means the submeter, the upstream and downstream ball valves and the section of pipework and fittings attaching the ball valves to each sub-meter.

Submetering shall mean the installation of individual water meters to measure water consumption to individual houses, units, flats or apartments that form part of a complex.

Unit/s shall mean a house, flat, lot of land or an apartment within a complex.

Water meter/s means a device, including equipment related to the device, for measuring the volume of water supplied to premises. An example of equipment related to the device is a pulse meter or an automatic meter reader and associated technology or similar devices.

Water Service Provider means Whitsunday Regional Council and is the provider of water to the complex from external sources via a pressurized network of pipes.

Relating Documents

- · Sub-Metering Policy Supporting Technical Guidelines
- Queensland Plumbing and Wastewater Code
- Building Code Australia
- National Construction Code of Australia Australian and New Zealand Design Standards
- Australian Technical Specifications.
- AS 3565.1:2004 Meters for Water Supply Cold Water Meters
- AS 3565.1:2004 Meters for Water Supply Combination Meters
- AS 3565.1:2004 Meters for Water Supply Water meters with integral dual check valves
- AS 3565.1:2004 Meters for Water Supply In-service compliance testing





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- AS 3565.1:2004 Meters for Water Supply Water meters with two integral single check valves
- AS/NZS 3500.1
- AS 2419.1-2005 Fire Hydrant Installations System Design, Installation and Commissioning
- AWWA C707

LEGISLATIVE / STRATEGIC POLICY			
Date Adopted by Council	25/09/2019	Council Minute	
Effective Date		Next Review Date	25/09/2020
Responsible Officers	Engineering Services	Revokes	LSP_ENG_06

