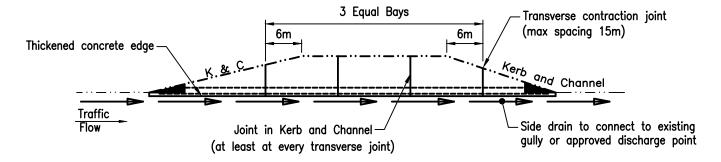
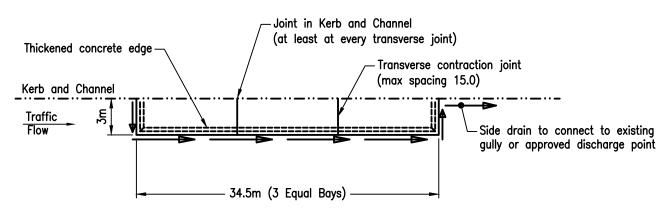


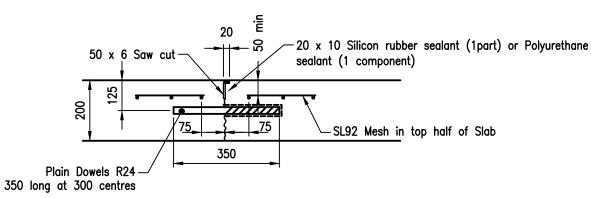
<u>INDENTED BUS BAY - GEOMETRIC LAYOUT</u>



INDENTED BUS BAY - PAVEMENT JOINT LAYOUT

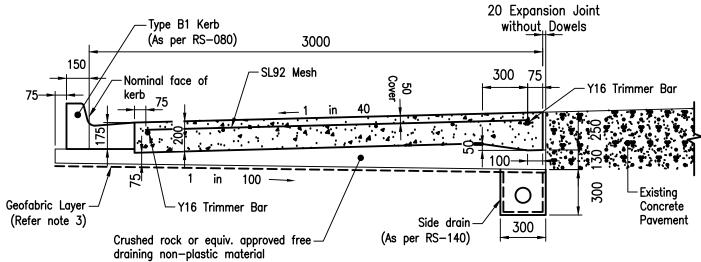


IN-LANE BUS BAY AND PAVEMENT JOINT LAYOUT



Type B1 Kerb (As per RS-080) 150. 3000 -Y16 Trimmer Bar Nominal face of -SL92 Mesh 300 kerb Asphalt Infill 75 100in 100 8 Y16 Trimmer Bar Existina Geofabric Layer Crushed rock or equiv. approved free Flexible (Refer note 3) Side Drain draining non-plastic material **Pavement** (As per RS-140) 300

CONNECTION TO EXISTING FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT



CONNECTION TO EXISTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT

NOTES:

- 1. The specified pavement standard does not apply to poor Subgrade.
- The pavement design assumes a minimum Subgrade CBR of 5 (soaked 4 days).
- A Geofabric layer (BIDIM A49 or equivalent) shall be used where the Subgrade CBR is <3.0 and for silty/clayey soils.
- Bus Bay concrete to be Grade N32.
- Concrete to be broom finished and have a maximum aggregate size of 20mm.
- Reinforcement to comply with AS1303 for plain bars and AS1304 for welded fabric. Lap mesh 400 and tie at 500 spacings.
- Where a Bus Bay is constructed adjacent to an existing concrete pavement, the transverse joints in the bus bay shall line up with those in the existing pavement.
- If a gully is required, it should be located so as to intercept any water before it reaches the Bus Bay.
- Alternative pavement designs may be considered for approval by the relevant council upon receipt of a formal submission by a RPEQ.
- All dimensions are in millimetres unless noted otherwise.

TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION JOINT

06/16 Review 05/08 ORIGINAL ISSU

REVISIONS

These drawings have been developed in consultation between the participating Councils. BEFORE USE, the user shall confirm that the drawing has been adopted by the appropriate Council.

