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# Part 4 Local government infrastructure plan

## 4.1 Preliminary

- (1) This local government infrastructure plan (LGIP) has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Planning Act 2016*.
- (2) The purpose of the local government infrastructure plan is to:
  - (a) integrate infrastructure planning with the land use planning identified in the Planning Scheme;
  - (b) provide transparency regarding a local government's intentions for the provision of trunk infrastructure;
  - (c) enable a local government to estimate the cost of infrastructure provision to assist its long term financial planning;
  - (d) ensure that trunk infrastructure is planned and provided in an efficient and orderly manner; and
  - (e) provide a basis for the imposition of conditions about infrastructure on development approvals.
- (3) The local government infrastructure plan:
  - states in Section 4.2 (Planning assumptions) the assumptions about future growth and urban development including the assumptions of demand for each trunk infrastructure network;
  - (b) identifies in Section 4.3 (Priority infrastructure area) the prioritised area to accommodate urban growth up to 2031;
  - (c) states in Section 4.4 (Desired standards of service) for each trunk infrastructure network the desired standard of performance;
  - (d) identifies in Section 4.5 (Plans for trunk infrastructure) the existing and future trunk infrastructure for the following networks:
    - (i) water supply;
    - (ii) sewerage;
    - (iii) stormwater;

- (iv) transport; and
- (v) parks and land for community facilities.
- (e) provides a list of supporting documents that assist in the interpretation of the local government infrastructure plan in the Editor's note Extrinsic material at the end of Section 4.



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## 4.2 Planning assumptions

- (1) The planning assumptions state the assumptions about:
  - (a) population and employment growth; and
  - (b) the type, scale, location and timing of development including the demand for each trunk infrastructure network.
- (2) The planning assumptions together with the desired standards of service form a basis for the planning of the trunk infrastructure networks and the determination of the priority infrastructure area.
- (3) The planning assumptions have been prepared for:
  - (a) the base date 2016 and the following projection years to accord with future Australian Bureau of Statistics census years:
    - (i) mid 2021;
    - (ii) mid 2026;

- (iii) mid 2031; and
- (iv) Ultimate development.
- (b) the LGIP development types in column 2 that include the uses in column 3 of Table 4.2.1; and
- (c) the projection areas identified on Local government infrastructure map PAM – 01:06 (Projection area map) in Schedule 3—Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables.

# Table 4.2.1 Relationship between LGIP development categories, LGIP development types and uses

Column 1 LGIP development category	Column 2 LGIP development type	Column 3 Uses
Residential development	Single dwellings	Caretaker's accommodation Community residence Dwelling house Dwelling unit Home-based business
	Multiple dwellings	Dual occupancy Multiple dwelling Relocatable home park Residential care facility Retirement facility Rooming accommodation Rural workers' accommodation Short-term accommodation
	Other dwellings	Nature-based tourism Non-resident workforce accommodation Resort complex Tourist park
Non-residential development	Retail	Adult store Agricultural supplies store Bulk landscape supplies Car wash



Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
LGIP development category	LGIP development	Uses
category	туре	Food and drink outlet
		Garden centre
		Hardware and trade supplies
		Hotel
		Outdoor sales
		Service station
		Shop
		Shopping centre
	Commercial	Bar
		Brothel
		Club
		Function facility
		Health care services
		Indoor sport and recreation
		Nightclub entertainment facility
		Office
		Sales office
		Showroom
		Theatre
		Tourist attraction
	Community purpose	Veterinary services Cemetery
		Child care centre
		Community care centre
		Community use
		Crematorium
		Detention facility
		Educational establishment
		Emergency services
		Funeral parlour
		Hospital
		Landing
		Major sport, recreation and entertainment
		facility
		Market
		Motor sport facility
		Outdoor sport and recreation Outstation
		Park
		Place of worship
	Industry	Air services
		Extractive industry
		High impact industry
		Low impact industry
		Marine industry
		Medium impact industry
		Research and technology industry
		Rural industry
		Service industry
		Special Industry
	Other	Warehouse
	Other	Animal husbandry
		Animal keeping
		Aquaculture Cropping
		Environment facility
		Intensive animal industry
L	L	intensive animal industry



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Column 1 LGIP development category	Column 2 LGIP development type	Column 3 Uses
		Intensive horticulture
		Major electrical infrastructure
		Parking station
		Permanent plantation
		Port services
		Renewable energy facility
		Roadside stall
		Substation
		Telecommunications facility
		Transport depot
		Utility installation
		Wholesale nursery
		Winery

(4) Details of the methodology used to prepare the planning assumptions are stated in the extrinsic material.

### 4.2.1 Population and employment growth

(1) A summary of the assumptions about population and employment growth for the Planning Scheme area is stated in Table 4.2.1.1 Population and employment assumptions summary.

Column 1 Description	Column 2 Assumptions				
	Base date 2016	2021	2026	2031	Ultimate development
Population	36,380	38,380	41,680	44,970	66,460
Employment	16,959	18,246	19,534	20,821	22,109

#### Table 4.2.1.1 Population and employment growth assumptions summary

- (2) Detailed assumptions about growth for each projection area and LGIP development type category are identified in the following tables in Schedule 3 Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables:
  - (a) for population, Table SC3.1.1—Existing and projected population; and
  - (b) for employment, Table SC3.1.2—Existing and projected employees.

## 4.2.2 Development

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- (1) The developable area is represented by zones relating to urban uses excluding the Environmental zones category identified on Zone maps ZM – 01:29 and not affected by the protected areas identified on Environmental significance overlay maps ES– 01:29.
- (2) The planned density for future development is stated in Table SC3.1.3 in Schedule 3—Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables.
- (3) A summary of the assumptions about future residential and non-residential development for the Planning Scheme area is stated in Table 4.2.2.1 Residential dwellings and non-residential floor space assumptions summary.



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Column 1 Column 2 Description Assumptions					
	Base date 2016	2021	2026	2031	Ultimate development
Residential dwellings	16,995	17,958	19,556	21,164	30,378
Non-residential floor space (m <sup>2</sup> GFA)	622,199	674,471	726,735	779,003	831,274

 Table 4.2.2.1 Residential dwellings and non-residential floor space assumptions

 summary

- (4) Detailed assumptions about future development for each projection area and LGIP development type are identified in the following tables in Schedule 3 Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables:
  - (a) for residential development, Table SC3.1.4; and
  - (b) for non-residential development, Table SC3.1.5.

## 4.2.3 Infrastructure demand

- (1) The demand generation rate for a trunk infrastructure network is stated in Column 4 of Table SC3.1.3 in Schedule 3 Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables.
- (2) A summary of the projected infrastructure demand for each service catchment is stated in:
  - (a) for the water supply network, Table SC3.1.6;
  - (b) for the sewerage network, Table SC3.1.7;
  - (c) for the stormwater network, Table SC3.1.8;
  - (d) for the transport network Table SC3.1.9; and
  - (e) for the parks and land for community facilities network, Table SC3.1.10.

## 4.3 Priority infrastructure area

- (1) The priority infrastructure area identifies the area prioritised for the provision of trunk infrastructure to service the existing and assumed future urban development up to 2031.
- (2) The priority infrastructure area is identified on Local government infrastructure plan map PAM 01:06 (Projection area map).

## 4.4 Desired standards of service

- (1) This section states the key standards of performance for a trunk infrastructure network.
- (2) Details of the standard of service for each trunk infrastructure network is identified in the extrinsic material.



### 4.4.1 Water supply network

- (1) Ensure drinking water complies with the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Drinking Water Guidelines and Whitsunday Regional Council's Drinking Water Quality Management Plan.
- (2) Collect, store, treat and convey potable water from source to consumers in accordance with the *Water Act 2000*.
- (3) Minimise non-revenue water loss.
- (4) Design the water supply network in accordance with Council's adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme, including the Equivalent Demands detailed in SC6.8 Whitsunday Regional Council development manual Planning Scheme policy, to provide:
  - (a) average day consumption (AD) 500 I/EP/day;
  - (b) Mean Day max Month (MDMM) 1.5 x AD;
  - (c) Peak Day (PD) 2.25 x AD;
  - (d) Peak Hour (PH) 1/12 x PD;

- (e) minimum and maximum supply pressure of 220 kPa and 800 kPA at each property boundary; and
- (f) fire flow for residential (15 l/s for 2 hours), industrial and commercial (30 l/s for 4 hours) development.
- (5) Design water systems to meet the requirements of the *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008* and Water Services Association of Australia (WSAA) guidelines.



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### 4.4.2 Sewerage network

- (1) Provide a reliable network that collects, stores, transports, treats and releases sewerage from premises.
- (2) Design the sewerage network in accordance with:
  - (a) Council's adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme;
  - (b) WSAA guidelines;
  - (c) the Water Act 2000;
  - (d) all Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) licence conditions;
  - (e) key design parameters identified in Table 4.4.2.1; and
  - (f) Equivalent Demands detailed in SC6.8 Whitsunday Regional Council development manual Planning Scheme policy.

Column 1 Infrastructure item	Column 2 Design parameters
All (network)	Average dry weather flow (ADWF) 270I/EP/day
	Peak wet weather flow (PWWF) $5 \times ADWF$ OR C <sub>1</sub> × ADWF (whichever is greater) C <sub>1</sub> = 15 × (EP) <sup>-0.1587</sup>
	Peak dry weather flow (PDWF) $C_2 \times ADWF$ $C_2 = 4.7 (EP)^{-0.105}$
Pump stations	Emergency storage of 4 hours @ ADWF Installed pump capacity ≥ PWWF
Gravity sewers	Air space of at least 75% of pipe diameter at design flow Slope to achieve self-cleansing velocity
Rising mains	Minimum velocity: 0.75 m/s (Preferred 1.5 m/s) Maximum velocity: 2.5 m/s
Sewerage treatment / release	Existing and future DEHP licence conditions

 Table 4.4.2.1
 Key design parameters for the sewerage network



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### 4.4.3 Stormwater network<sup>1</sup>

- Collect and convey stormwater flows for both major 100 year flood events and minor (1)low flow year flood events as per the specific land use requirements from existing and future land use in a manner that protects life and does not cause nuisance or inundation of property.
- Design the stormwater network to comply with Council's adopted standards identified (2) in the Planning Scheme, which generally accord with the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual or the Transport and Main Roads Road Drainage Design Manual.
- Design road crossing structures to provide an appropriate level of flood immunity for a (3) 50 and 10 year flood events for major and minor roads respectively in accordance with Council's adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme.
- (4) Meet water quality objectives for receiving waters at all times.
- (5) Design the water quality system to achieve the minimum reductions in mean annual loads from unmitigated development in accordance with State Planning Policy July 2017 and WRC Stormwater Design Guideline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Drainage elements that form an inherent part of road infrastructure such as culverts and bridge structures can be included with road infrastructure planning.



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## 4.4.4 Transport network

#### 4.4.4.1 Roads

- (1) Provide a functional urban hierarchy that supports settlement patterns, commercial and economic activities, and freight movement.
- (2) Design the road network to comply with the following:
  - (a) adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme;
  - (b) AUSTROADS guides;
  - (c) the Department of Transport and Main Roads Interim Guide to Road Planning and Design Practice;
  - (d) maximum road volume to capacity ratios identified in Table 4.4.4.1.1; and
  - (e) maximum degree of saturation for intersections identified in Table 4.4.4.1.2.

Column 1 Infrastructure item	Column 2 Design parameters	
	Residential	Non-residential
Arterial	0.8	0.8
Sub-arterial	0.8	0.8
Major collector	0.8	0.8
Arterial (state-controlled)	0.8	0.8

Column 1 Road network item	Column 2 Maximum degree of saturation
Traffic signals	0.9
Roundabout	0.9
Priority controlled	0.8

#### 4.4.4.2 Footpaths and cycle ways

- (1) Plan cycle ways and footpaths to provide a safe, attractive and convenient network that links residential areas to major activity nodes and public transport interchanges, thereby encouraging walking and cycling as acceptable travel alternatives.
- (2) Design cycle ways (including on-road cycle ways) and footpaths to comply with council's adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme.

#### 4.4.4.3 Public transport

- (1) Ensure development accommodates the integration of public transport services.
- (2) Provide bus stops including bus bays, shelters, seating and bus information systems in accordance with adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme



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## 4.4.5 Public parks and land for community facilities network

- (1) Provide an accessible network of parks, open space, and community facilities that meets the needs of residents and visitors in accordance with the rate of provision identified in Table 4.4.5.1 and accessibility standards outlined in Table 4.4.5.2.
- (2) Ensure land for public parks and community facilities has:
  - (a) minimum land size as identified in Table 4.4.5.3;
  - (b) configuration, slope, and acceptable level of flood immunity in accordance with Table 4.4.5.3 and adopted standards identified in the Planning Scheme; and
  - (c) embellishments to complement the type and purpose of the public park as identified in Table 4.4.5.4.

# Table 4.4.5.1Rate of land provision for public parks and community facilitiesColumn 1Column 2

Infrastructure item	Rate of provision (Ha/1000 people)		
	District	Regional	
Recreation park	0.5	0.8	
Sport park	1.2	1.0	

# Table 4.4.5.2 Accessibility standards for public parks and land for community facilities

Column 1 Infrastructure item	Column 2 Accessibility st	Column 2 Accessibility standard (km) <sup>1</sup>		
	District	Regional		
Recreation park	2	25		
Sport park	5	10		
Notes:				
1. 90% of population sho	uld be within this dista	nce of a facility		

#### Table 4.4.5.3 Size of public parks for community facilities

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Column 1 Characteristic	Column 2 Recreation pa	ark	Column 3 Sports park	
	District	Regional	District	Regional
Average (desired) size (Ha)	4	13	6	18
Shape of land	Preferred square to rectangular aspect ratio no greater than 2:1		Square or rectangle to maximise playing field area	
Minimum desired flood immunity (area)	20% > Q50 10% > Q100	50%> Q50 20% > Q100	Fields and cou Built facilities >	
Minimum desired grade	Max grade 1:10 for 80% of park, 1:14 where possible	Average grade 1:20, 1:50 for kick- about areas	Max grade of 1:80 for all playing surfaces	Laser levelling to a maximum gradient of 1:100 for all playing surfaces
Road frontage	30-50% of park perimeter to have direct road frontage, preferably on a collector road		25-50% of the park perimeter to have direct road frontage	



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Column 1 Embellishment	Column 2 Recreation park		Column 3 Sports park	
	District	Regional	District	Regional
Playground (activity node)	Х	X	Х	X
Other activity nodes (half court, rebound wall, skate facility, exercise equipment, etc.)	5 - 7	13	-	-
Fencing – bollards or log and rail to prohibit car access	х	х	Х	Х
Shade trees clustered near activity area	Х	x	Х	х
Turf	Х	Х	Х	Х
Landscaped garden beds	Х	Х	Х	Х
Irrigation	Х	Х	Х	Х
Internal pathways and paving	Х	Х	Х	Х
Bicycle racks	Х	Х	Х	Х
Signage	Х	Х	Х	Х
Shade structures	Х	Х	X <sup>1</sup>	X <sup>1</sup>
Tap / bubbler	Х	Х	Х	Х
Bench seating	Х	Х	Х	Х
Electric barbeque	Х	Х	-	-
Picnic shelters	Х	Х	-	-
Bins	Х	Х	Х	Х
Dog off leash area	Х	Х	-	-
Toilets	X2	Х	Х	Х
Internal roads and car parking	-	Х	Х	Х
Public recreation centre	-	-	Х	Х
Spectator facilities (grandstand)	-	-	х	х
Sports fields	-	-	Х	Х
Sports courts	-	-	Х	Х

<sup>1.</sup> Shade structures should be structures teams can stand under, not shade sails.

<sup>2.</sup> Only to be provided in certain district recreation parks based on popularity, location and type of use.



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#### 4.5 Plans for trunk infrastructure

(1)The plans for trunk infrastructure identify the trunk infrastructure networks intended to service the existing and assumed future urban development at the desired standard of service up to 2031.

#### 4.5.1 Plans for trunk infrastructure maps

- The existing and future trunk infrastructure networks are shown on the following maps (1) in Schedule 3—Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables:
  - Local government infrastructure plan map PFTI WN 01:06 (Water network (a) plans for trunk infrastructure map);
  - Local government infrastructure plan map PFTI SN 01:05 (Sewerage (b) network plans for trunk infrastructure map);
  - (c) Local government infrastructure plan map - PFTI SWN - 01:05 (Stormwater network plans for trunk infrastructure map);
  - Local government infrastructure plan map PFTI TN 01:05 (Transport (d) network plans for trunk infrastructure map); and
  - Local government infrastructure plan map PFTI PCFN 01:06 (Parks and (e) land for community facilities network plans for trunk infrastructure map).
- (2)The State infrastructure forming part of transport trunk infrastructure network has been identified using information provided by the relevant State infrastructure supplier.

#### 4.5.2 Schedules of works

- (1) Details of the existing and future trunk infrastructure networks are identified in the electronic Excel schedule of works model which can be viewed here: http://www.whitsunday.gld.gov.au/390/Infrastructure-Planning-and-Charges
- (2) The future trunk infrastructure is identified in the following tables in Schedule 3-Local government infrastructure plan mapping and tables:
  - for the water supply network, Table SC3.2.1; (a)
  - (b) for the sewerage network, Table SC3.2.2;
  - (c) for the stormwater network, Table SC3.2.3;

- (d) for the transport network, Table SC3.2.4; and
- (e) for the parks and land for community facilities network, Table SC3.2.5.



#### Editor's note - Extrinsic material

The below table identifies the documents that assist in the interpretation of the Local government infrastructure plan and are extrinsic material under the Statutory Instruments Act 1992.

List of Extrinsic material		
Column 1 Title of document	Column 2 Date	Column 3 Author
Whitsunday Region Economic Analysis: Economic and Population Study	November 2013	Norling Consulting Pty Ltd
Whitsunday Regional Council Urban Growth Study	May 2014	Whitsunday Regional Council
Whitsunday Regional Council Development Manual	28 June 2016	Whitsunday Regional Council
Trunk Infrastructure Definitions	May 2017	Whitsunday Regional Council
Local Government Infrastructure Plan (LGIP) and Schedule of Works Model (SOW) explanatory notes	October 2017	Whitsunday Regional Council
LGIP Checklist	May 2017	Whitsunday Regional Council
Department of Transport and Main Roads Consultation Letter	May 2017	Department of Transport and Main Roads
Whitsunday Regional Council Priority Infrastructure Plan Water and Sewerage Network Model Updates	May 2014	Hyder Consulting
LGIP Interim Review Checklist	October 2020	Whitsunday Regional Council
Whitsunday Regional Council Sewer and Water Network Modelling	March 2020	ARCADIS
W8 Removal Justification Report	October 2020	Whitsunday Regional Council

#### List of Extrinsic material



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